

Photo 1. Hand core sampling method; driving the sample core barrel into the soil using an electric impact hammer. Note: These photos taken at location OU4-LEP-24 where the pond sediment was removed to allow access to the liner for shallow soil collection.



Photo 2. Using the foot jack to extract the core barrel from the ground.



Photo 3. Removal of the core barrel with the collected sample; pond sediments and soil in this location are saturated.



Photo 4. PETG core sleeve removed from core barrel; black asphalt liner can be seen in the upper (right) end of the core sleeve, VLT sub-base in the center, and brown soil at the bottom.



Photo 5. Cutting open the core sleeve.



Photo 6. An example of how the exterior of the sample core has become impacted during the sample collection process.



Photo 7. The sample after it has been homogenized and a portion split off into a glass sample jar for submittal to separate laboratory.



Photo 8. WDC's 7730 DT track-mounted Geoprobe direct push drill rig at location OU4-UEP-06.



Photo 9. Drilling and soil core retrieval with the Geoprobe.



Photo 10. Cascade Drilling Company's 8-inch diameter CME hollow-stem auger drill rig at location OU4-FEP-16.



Photo 11. Collecting a bailed water sample from a temporary well constructed down the hollow-stem of the auger flights.



Photo 12. Pressure washing of auger flights after completion of each borehole.



Photo 13. Decontamination of the split-spoon barrel.



Photo 14. Collection of soil samples for geochemical analysis from three 6-inch stainless steel disposable core sleeves.